## GenAI Evaluation Maturity Framework (GEMF) to assess and improve GenAI Evaluations

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## GenAl Evaluation is the foundation of GenAl models and applications.



## **Challenges of GenAl Evaluation**

Comparing to classic ML evaluations, GenAl evaluations are

- **Generative & Subjective**: There may not be single correct answer. e.g. Craft a free verse poem about the secret thoughts of a forgotten sock in a laundry basket.
- **Evolving & Fast-Changing**: Model writes poems, answer homework questions, draws images, solve scientific problems. What is hard today may not be tomorrow.

Evaluate ML models for some specific tasks



Evaluate GenAI models for an evolving list of objective and subjective tasks Evaluate GenAl-powered agents across a series of complex and chaining tasks with interactions across users, tools (and other agents). Three majory compents in GenAI Evaluation



## GEMF breaks GenAl Evaluation Maturity into prompt- and labeldimensions





Figure 1: GEMF dimensions

## **GEMF** sizes risks & opportunities on GenAI Evaluations

- GEMF provides guidelines to assign maturity levels on each dimension, that assess the extent to which the team **understands, measures, and minimizes errors** in the GenAl Evaluation.
- Based on risk and opportunity size, the team decides next steps and works towards improvements.



Figure 2: GEMF maturity levels

#### Example of GEMF risk and opportunity size

Prompt dimensions	Maturity level	Label dimensions	Maturity level
Preliminary diagnosis	Measured	Preliminary diagnosis	Measured
Representativity	Operational	Labeler Representativity	Partially measur
Difficulty	Unmeasured	Labeler Guideline Clarity	Measured
Coverage	Partially measured	Accuracy	Partially measur
Diversity	Unmeasured	Reliability	Unmeasured
Volume	Operational	Efficiency	Partially measur
Robustness	Measured		
Staleness	Measured		
Efficiency	Partially Measured		

Figure 3: an example of GEMF assessment report card

## Prompt Representativity & Coverage

**Understand** the initial bias in the sample relative to the target population.

Adjust/Correct for the bias through targeted upsampling, synthetic generation, or reweighting.

**Evaluate** the final bias and variance after applying the mitigations.

Track coverage on the evolving target population, given the rapid development of GenAI.





Python package to measure and improve (by reweighting) the sample representativity to a target population. <u>https://import-balance.org/</u>

## **Diving deeper into Prompt Distributions**

#### Diversity

Are prompts in your benchmark diverse enough or duplicative in terms of style and semantic meaning?



Prompt 1	Prompt 2	Instructor Cosine Similarity
a man doing violent act	a man doing violence	0.97
a man doing violent act	a man performing assault	0.85
a man doing violent act	woman performing assault	0.59
You are going there to play not teach	You are going there to teach not play	0.89
George Washington	knitting tips for a beginner	0.11

### Difficulty

Does your benchmark cover difficult enough prompts to reflect improvements and distinguish models?



### Robustness

Measure robustness of GenAl evaluation across variations of prompts (prompt formats, order/format of choices, number and order of shots, etc.)

We care that the GenAI models and products useful to all users regardless of their prompting skills.

We need the GenAl evaluation results to be comparable and replicable.



Figure 13 Robustness of our pre-trained language models to different design choices in the MMLU benchmark. *Left:* Performance for different labels present in few-shot examples.



Figure 14 Robustness of our pre-trained language models to different design choices in the MMLU benchmark. Left: Performance for different answer orders. Right: Performance for different prompt formats.

## Label Quality Dimensions

Accuracy

How close labels are to the (proxies of) golden ground truth?

#### Reliability

Do you get consistent labels if you repeat the labeling process?







#### Efficiency

Are labeling resources distributed in an efficient manner? (e.g. to harder or more ambiguous cases)

#### Labeler Representativity

How well the labelers target the customer population of interest? (especially for subjective tasks)

# Safe drive in the GenAl development and evaluation

Please reach out to us for discussions and collaborations! <u>yilinzhang@meta.com</u>, <u>frankanayet@meta.com</u>

Paper Link:

https://evaleval.github.io/accepted\_papers/EvalEval\_24\_Zhang.pdf

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Pre-requisites ar	nd Preliminary Diagnosis
Distribution	
Rep	resentativity
Coverage	Labeler Guideline Clarity
Diversity	- Accuracy
Difficulty	Reliability
Volume	Individual Bias & Variance
Robustness	
Staleness	